R AN away from on board a fmall Schooner, lying in Pocomoke River, a white Convict Servant, belonging to the Subscriber, goes by the Name of Charles Bener, is of a dark Complexion, wears his own Hair, a little pitted with the Small-Pox, a short well set Fellow, has lost one of the Fingers of his right Hand, is between 30 and 40 Years of Age; had on when he went away, a white Fearnought Jacket, a Red ditto, a blue great Coat, a Pair of thick Yarn Stockings, Country made Shoes, but no Buckles.

Whoever takes up said Servant, and secures him, fo as the Owner may have him again, shall have FIFTY SHILLINGS Reward, and all Jeasonable Charges paid by

6 × NATHANIEL ADAMS. N. B. He is a Baker by Trade.

HE COMMISSIONERS appointed by LORD BALTIMORE, give Notice, That on Monday the First of June next, they will attend at the House of Jonathan Rawlings, near West-River, and proceed to the SALE of his LORDSHIP'S MANOR of Anne-Arundel. The Authority of the Commissioners, and the Terms of Sale, may be known by applying to the Subscriber, at his House in Annapolis.

Signed per Order, JOHN CLAPHAM.

February 4, 1767.

HE Subscriber having laid out a Point of Land adjoining to Baltimore Town, and Fell's Point, into about 270 Lots, will LEASE, or SELL the same, as may best suit the Purchasers. They fland high, pleasant and healthy; the Soil is good for Gardens, and fine Well Water may be had. Jones's Falls run round the Land, so that Flats and Boats may come very convenient to the greatest Part of the Lots. The Public Road to Fell's Point leads through the Land: All Lots taken within Twelve Months, shall go at 6 d. Sterling per Foot Ground Rent, for 99 Years, renewable for ever, or he will Sell them out and out, for a Principal equal to the Interest; a Plan of the Lots may be feen at his House, near the Lower-BRIAN PHILPOT. Bridge Foot. 10

N. B. Any Person taking a Lot, and Building a good House, not less than 25 by 16 Feet, within Two Years, shall have Three Years Rent free, from the Date of the Leafe.

OST, in Annapolis, on Saturday the 28th of February, A small POCKET-BOOK, with several Papers therein, of little Value to any Person but the Owner; there is, in particular, about 121. Virginia Currency, supposed to be Counterfeits, one 3 l. Bill, indorfed, D. M'Canaughey, Geo. Davis, Tench Francis, and John Relse; a 20 s. Bill, Alexr. Lawson.

Whoever may have found the faid Pocket-Book, and will bring it to the Subscriber, with the Papers therein contained, shall have Thirty Shillings Carrency, paid by S. MIDDLETON.

Pifcataway, Dec. 6, 1766.

WHEREAS William, Mary, and Frances
Herringbam, the Children of William Herringbam, late of Greenwich, in the County of Kent, did, about 25 Years ago, leave England, and go to some Part of the Well-Indies, and, as it is believed, afterwards go to some of the Northern Colonies in America: This is therefore to give Notice to them, if the faid William, Mary, and: Frances Herringbam, or the Surviver or Survivers of them, be living, or to their Heirs, Executors, or Adminifirators, if dead, that by applying by Letter, or otherwife, to the Subscriber at Piscatoway, in Prince George's County, Maryland, they will have of something greatly to their Advantage: Or, if any Person can give Information where any of the said Persons, it living, now reside, or if dead, when and where they died, and where buried; fuch Person shall be genteely rewarded for their Trouble, by applying as above, to WM. RUSSELL.

the PRINTING-OFFICE : Where all ear; and Advertisements of a moderate after: And long Ones in Proportion.

The MARYLAND GAZE

[XXIId Year.]

THURSDAY, May 21, 1767

CONSTANTINOPLE, January 15.

HE 7th Inft. a little before Midnight, a Turkish Man of War of 64 Guns, lying at Anchor in the Harbour near Topana, really to fail, with another of the same Force, for the Archipelago, was set on Fire by a Pan of Coals being put in a Room by some of the People to warm them, who sell astep. The Fire had made such a Progress. while they slept, that the People despairing to exwhile they help, that the reopie despairing to extinguish it, and fearing it should be communicated to the other Ship, cut the Cables. The Wind blowing fresh, drove her to a Key called Capani, where the fet Fire to five Saics (large, Vessels that trade to the Black-Sea) two of which were laden with Corn. They were all pushed from the Shore, and separated in the Harbour. One of them immediately set Fire to three other Saics, which lay at another Key; two of them were drove to a Place called Giubali, and fet Fire to the Houses on the Constantinople Side of the Harbour, Eighty of which were entirely consumed. Several of the Veffels went along Shore on this Side, and fee Fre to a Kiofk of the Grand Signior's, which was foon reduced to After. Had it not been for the Dexterity of the Slaves of the Bagnio, who funk one of the Veffels while she was on Fire, and driving near Eighteen Men of War, which lay moored together before the Arfenal, the most of them must inevitably have been confumed. The Grand Signior, the Grand Vizir, and all the great Officers of the Porte, were upon the Water, giving their Orders. The human Mind cannot picture to itself a more striking and horrid Scene, than to see, at the same Time, nine large floating Fires, in the middle of the Night, with two great Fires, on each Side of the Water, which threatened Dedruction to the whole City. The Grand Signior, who is blessed with an Heart of Charity and Benevolence, has given Orders to make up the Losses of the unhappy Sufferers by Water. The same Night the Sultana was delivered of a Prince, which was made known on Saturday, by the Firing of the Guns from the Seraglio and the Arfenal, which continued Morning, Noon, and Evening.

Vienna, Jan. 4. In the Night between the first and second of this Month, a Quarrel arose among the Soldiers of Lasey's Regiment and several of those of Weid, both in Garrison in this City. From Words they came to Blows, with so much Rage, that Eight were killed on the Spot, and

about Thirty wounded. Paris, Jan. 19. Our Troops in Corfica wait with Impatience for an Order to return home; the Efforts they have made to engage Paoli, and the other Chiefs of the Corficans, to return under the Dominion of the Republic of Genoa, having

FROM THE LONDON GAZETTE.

St. James's, Feb. 7. The following Address of the House of Delegates of the Province of Maryland, has been presented to his Majesty by Charles Garth, Esq. one of the Representatives in Parliament for the Devizes, being introduced by his Graco the Duke of Manchester: Which Address His Majesty was pleased to receive very graciously. And he had the Honour to kiss His Majesty's Hand.

To the KING's most Excellent Majesty,

The humble Address of the House of Delegates

The humble Address of the House of Designess of the Province of Maryland.

"Moft Gracious Sovereigns,
"We, your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Representatives of the Freemen of Maryland, in Assembly convened, beg Leave to approach the Throne, and, with all Humility, to express the lively Sense of Gratitude with which our Hearts are filled for the late figual Instance of your Majesty's Paternal Regard and Attention to the Interests of your American Subjects, in giving

your Royal Assent to the Repeal of the Stamp-Act.
As we were affected with the most alarming Apprehensions at the dreadful Prospect of finking under the impositions of an Act so pregnant with Oppression, so we enjoy the highest Satisfaction and Complacency, in finding ourselves delivered from such imminent Danger; nor can we forbear to ex-

press the grateful Feelings excited in our Breats, at such a diffinguishing Proof of your Majesty's, and your Parliament's Wisdom, Justice, and Mo-

Convinced that the Welfare of youn Majesty's Subjects of America is an Object of the most tender Confideration with your Majesty and your Parliament, we shall ever cultivate the firmest Union with our Mother Country, and contribute, by every dutiful Effort, to the Advancement of her

Happinels, Glory, and Grandeur.
The endearing Relation of Parent and Children we most ardently wish may ever be preserved between Great-Britain and ber Colonies; that a Reciprocation of Benefits may be the prevailing Policy between both; and that an indiscriminate Ex-tention of constitutional Privileges to the whole British Empire, may ever be regarded as the firmest Basis of universal Felicity, and cement, into an indissoluble Union, the Hearts and Affections of all

your Majesty's Subjects. Permit us, most Gracious Sovereign, with Hearts animated by the warmest Sentiments of Duty and Loyalty, to affure your Majesty of our invincible Attachment to your facred Person and Government; of our Readings, upon all Occasions, to support, with our Lives and Fortunes, your Ma-jesty, and the Protestant Succession in the August House of Hanover; and that it will ever be our most fervent Prayer to Heaven, that there may never be wanting a Prince of your Illustrious, Line to sway the British Sceptre, with that Sprit of Wisdom, Equity, and Moderation, so conspicuously and uniformly displayed by your Majesty, and your Royal Progenitors.

By Order of the Heafe,

ROBERT LLOYD, Speaker.

Dec. 6, 1766.

L O N D O N, February 20.

We hear that the Affairs of the East-India Company with the Ministry are (notwithstanding all contrary Reports) in the same unsettled Situation as ever; and that as yet no Man in the Kingdom, one very high Personage excepted, is acquainted with the Earl of C..... Views on the Company.

Feb. 27. We hear that this Morning the Right Honourable the Earl of Strathmore will be married to Mile Bowes, of Durham, the greatest Heiress in Europe; her present Fostune is One Million, and 40,000 1. besides a large Jointure on the Death of her Mother, and a large Estate on the Demise of an

Extract of a Letter from Rome, Jan 5. taken up in carrying on a vigorous Process, not only against the Jestrits, but also against the Jesuitical Court of Rome; that he has assembled a Number of Divines, and other proper Persons, to consider whether he might not lawfully prohibit all Applications to Rome for Dispensations, &c. and appropriate the whole Management and Decision fuch Matters to his own Bishops : That this Question being determined in the Affirmative, he hath cauled a Book to be written and printed in the Spanish Language, for a standing-Proof and Defence of his Conduct on this Occasion; and being reloved to fatisfy others, as well as his own People, of the folldity of those Reasons which have prevailed upon him to do this, he has ordered that Book to be translated into Italian, whereby it will become more Public to the World, and be read by thole whom it may more particularly concern, and

by the generality, at least, of the most Southern Parts of Europe."

Sherburne: Jan. 12. A melancholy Affair, happened last Taesday Night in the Parish of Lelant, Cornwall, and is thus related: A young Man of the said Parish a Timer force Time since antidad Tinger, some Time fince enlisted the faid Parish himself a Soldier, and very lately (his Regiment himself a Soldier, and very lasely (his Regiment then lying at Plymouth) he obtained a Fursough to go home and visit his Friends at Lelant; but having tarried too long, took a Resolution not to return to his Company. However, a Part of the Regiment being at Penzance, received Information of the said Deserter, and accordingly the Informer with several Soldiers, went to his father's House in the Night, and complained of being in great Want of a Light; when out of Good-Nature to supply him, he lighted a Candle, and gave Ad-

mittance into the House; no fooner was the Door opened, but they all rulhed into the House, and immediately a Piftol was fired, and Murder cried. The Esmily, confifling of the Deferter, his Father, Mother and Brother, took to what Weapons they had 30 the Brother was cut down on the Spot; the Father and Mother are stabled with a Bayonet in such a Manner, that it is thought they cannot recover. After the Death of his Brother, the Da-ferter fled out of the House at a back Window, naked, ran to a Tin-Mine, and went downsto the Bottom by the Rope. When he came downs, the Miners at work perceived that his Entralls were coming out, and immediately had him taken pp and put to a House. It is thought that this Affair will be the Death of a whole Family, consisting of four Persons. But it is hoped that Justice will be

executed on the Perpetrators.

March 3. On Friday a Motion was made to reduce the Land-Tax to 3s. in the Pound, and carried by a Majority in Favour thereof.

It is faid by the Knowing Ones, that the Betts are 206 to 188, that a great Earl will be obliged

to refign.

They write from Lifbon, that the Prime Minister of Portugal continues to stand out against all the Remonstrances of the Honourable Mr. Hay, his Majesty's Envoy, for abolishing certain late erected Monopolies, extremely prejudicial to the British Commerce in that Kingdom.

March 7. It is now reported, that the Earl of Bristol will go Ambassador to Portugal, in the room of William Henry Lyttleton, Esq; and that the Duke of Northumberland will be again appointed, Lord Lieutenant of Ireland.

According to some private Letters from Genoa the Republic, wearied out with maintaining an expensive War, against Corfica, had been induced to liften to certain Propositions from the Court of Verfailles, which it was thought would terminate in a the entire Cession of that Island to the French King.,

It is faid the following Alterations will speedily take Place in the Ministry: Lord Barrington to be Chancellor of the Exchequer, in the Room of C. Townshend, Esq; who resigns. Hans Stanley, Esq; Secretary of State, in the Room of Mr. Conway. who returns to the Army. T. Townshend, Bsq; jun. to be Cofferer, in the Room of Mr. Stabley. George Onllow, Esq; to be Secretary of War, in the Room of Lord Barrington. C. Townshend, Esq; of Yarmouth, and Rose Fuller, Esq; to succeed Mr. Onslow and Mr. T. Townshend, in the Treasure. Onflow and Mr. T. Townshend in the Treasury. And Lord Lifburne to (ucceed Mr. C. Townshend at the Admiralty. And that the Earl of Briffol will not go to Ireland.

It is faid, in order to carry his Plan of Operations into Execution with the greater Effect, that the E. C. will be appointed First Lord of the Treafury. Others again fay, that he will refign in a few Days.

The Misunderstanding between our Court and that of Lisbon, is far from being adjusted; and it is expected Mr. Hay, our Minister there, will speedily be recalled. This Day the Right Hon. Charles Townshend

refigned his Place of Chancellor of the Exchequer.
Lord Barrington and Lord North, are talked of to succeed the Right Hon. Charles Townshend, as

Chancellor of the Exchequet.

Thursday there was a great Board of Admiralty, when it is said, several more Ships were put into

Commission for immediate Service. The fettling the late Peace was a long while retarded, by the French refusing to pay the Money due to the English for the Maintainance of the French Prisoners, and the Peace was the most defirable Thing in France; yet the King obflinately refused the Payment of our Demands. The Duke de Choiseul (Prime Minister) tho' drove plus ultra to furnish Means to carry on the War, yet nevertheless could not prevail on his Majefly, till by a lucky Expedient he made him sensible he was at that prefent Time, and as long as he should was at that prefent Time, and as long as he should delay the Peere, losing immense Sums of Money. "France, cries the Duke, will immediately sea the happy Effects of it; our Manufactures (at prefent drooping) will once more flourist, our Ports will be crowded with English Vessels to take our Wares and out Capital and Provinces will be over-re."